

# The Compromises of Slavery.

In early part of 1850 discovered that Union in danger. - Danger from violent Congress - Mr. Calhoun sd. if Webster Proviso passed, "not enough left for Texas". Texas + Governor Bell. Asheville Convention.

First 9 months of 1850 spent by Congress in devising a series of measures by which danger averted. Compromises.

Compromises often very necessary. Continually dangerous - "give us what we want - we give" - So one bad law passed that another also.

Thus - territory claimed by Texas. Either belonged, or not belong to Texas. If not belong - "why pay Texas 10,000,000?" If did belong - "Why U.S. buy it to give it to N.M.?" - Only method dignified course refer question to Supreme Court, & insist on both parties submitting.

But that not worst. 10,000,000 we might give. Highwayman. Again & again North demanded Slavery ought to be excluded by Position Law. By N.S. excluded from Northwest - Position Law from Oregon. North demanded If any thing clearly North business - If anything clearly right. "Keep your Slavery where you have it" "let it suffer SLAVERY".

Mr. Free Soil - Mr. Webster in 1848 - good enough for him. - North shd. have sd. then we stand. Democratic doct. - Why - bastards. - If we will, do so - Go home & persuade your people. -

This we have said us. One man fathered - the mischief our men can do.

Worse step of all - Fugitive Slave Law.

1. California admitted
2. Slave trade in D.C. kept

1. Webster not applied
2. Fugitive Slave Law.
3. Texas 10,000,000.